Personal, Social Health Education and Relationships, Sex and Health Education Policy

LEYBOURNE Ss PETER & PAUL CEP ACADEMY



Tenax Schools Trust

February 2025

Review date: February 2026

<u>Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul Church of England Primary Academy Personal, Social Health Education and Relationships, Sex and Health Education Policy</u>

Introduction

At Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy, we aim to nurture the spark of God within each member of our community. We provide our pupils with high quality learning opportunities, that allow us all to achieve our full potential in all we do, and to grow into well-rounded citizens of the world. Through embodying our Core Christian Values of Love, Trust, Compassion and Respect in everything we do, we aim to build a safe and joyful community with God.

Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.
- This policy meets the requirements that schools publish a Relationships and Sex Education policy and does this within the wider context of Personal, Social and Health Education.

Who this Policy is for

This Policy is for parents, the Headteacher and all teaching staff and other staff who work directly with pupils at Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy.

The Policy applies particularly to all teachers and others with responsibility for teaching these subjects. Teachers and others must consult this Policy and ensure that their teaching is in line with its intent and its expectations.

Consultation on this Policy

A consultation exercise was carried out before this Policy was initially approved by the Local Governing Body in 2021. It has subsequently been reviewed each year and another opportunity to see resources and discuss the teaching of these subjects with the Headteacher will be offered.

PSHE

At Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin children's

development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

The Jigsaw Programme offers us a comprehensive, carefully thoughtthrough Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects evaluated under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values aganda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children.

Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools."

DfE Guidance p.8

"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society."

Secretary of State Foreword DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective

teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons."

DfE Guidance p.8

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE."

DfE Guidance p.11

Here, at Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy, School we value PSHE as one way to support children's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to children's needs. The mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education, jigsaw-3-11-and-rsheoverview-map.pdf shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up to date teaching materials and that our teachers are wellsupported.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance) <u>Keeping</u> <u>children safe in education GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline) <u>Respectful School Communities Self-Review and</u> <u>Signposting Tool (educateagainsthate.com)</u>
- Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils) <u>Behaviour in schools</u>
 GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Equality Act 2010 and schools <u>Equality Act 2010</u>: <u>advice for schools GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance) <u>SEND code</u> of practice: 0 to 25 years GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance) <u>Alternative provision</u> GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools) <u>Mental</u> health and behaviour in schools GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Social, emotional and mental wellbeing in primary and secondary education. (NICE guidance) <u>Overview | Social, emotional and mental</u> wellbeing in primary and secondary education | Guidance | NICE

- Promoting and supporting mental health and wellbeing in schools and colleges (guidance for schools and colleges) <u>Promoting and supporting</u> <u>mental health and wellbeing in schools and colleges - GOV.UK</u> (www.gov.uk)
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying) <u>Preventing bullying - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts) <u>Advice and guidance | Equality and Human Rights</u> Commission (equalityhumanrights.com)
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) <u>Promoting fundamental British values through SMSC -</u> GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development). Regulating independent schools GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE. pshe-association-programme-of-study-2020-map.pdf
It is also aligned with the Church of England's "A CHARTER FOR FAITH SENSITIVE AND INCLUSIVE RELATIONSHIPS EDUCATION, RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION (RSE) AND HEALTH EDUCATION (RSHE)" Relationships, Sex and Health Education | The Church of England and draws on the advice given in the Church of England document 'Valuing All God's Children: Guidance for Church of England schools on challenging homophobic, biphobic and transphobic bullying' (Church of England Education Office, second edition updated summer 2019). Layout 1 (churchofengland.org)

What do we teach when and who teaches it? Whole-school approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding

Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self- esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change

At Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy, we allocate time each week to PSHE in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way. These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways: Assemblies and collective worship, praise and reward system, Learning Charter, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community. Class teachers or TA's deliver the weekly lessons to their own classes.

Relationships Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school? Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful relationships', 'Online relationships', and 'Being safe'. The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum. Parents should also be aware that the Church of England states in "Valuing All God's Children", 2019, that Relationships and Sex education should: "Make it clear that relationships and sex education is designed to prepare all pupils for the future, regardless of sexual orientation or gender identity. RSE must promote gender equality and LGBT equality and it must challenge discrimination. RSE must take the needs and experiences of LGBT people into account and it should seek to develop understanding that

there are a variety of relationships and family patterns in the modern world." (Page 34)

Health Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'. The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the Calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the Connect us activity and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit). Again, the mapping document transparently shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

Sex Education

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.23) recommends that all primary schools 'have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.

However, 'Sex Education is not compulsory in primary schools'. (p. 23) Schools are to determine the content of sex education at primary school. Sex education 'should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and – drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born'.

At Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy, we believe children should understand the facts about human reproduction before they leave primary school so we define Sex Education as understanding human reproduction.

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education" DfE Guidance p.17

At Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw PSHE Programme in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle (unit). We conclude that sex education refers to Human Reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e. the Jigsaw Changing Me Puzzle (unit) e.g.

Year 4, Lesson 2 (Having a baby))

Year 5, Lesson 4 (Conception)

Year 6, Lesson 3 (Conception, birth)

The school will inform parents of this right by letter before the Changing Me Puzzle is taught in Term 6.

Withdrawal from RSE lessons/Role of parents

Joint responsibility should rest with parents for RSE. Parents/carers have the right to withdraw their children from all or part of the Relationships and Sex Education provided at school except for those parts included in Statutory Guidance for Relationships Education (Primary), Health Education (Primary).

Those parents/carers wishing to exercise this right are invited in to see the Headteacher and/or PSHE/RSE Subject Leader who will explore any concerns and discuss any impact that withdrawal may have on the child. Where it is not possible to meet the headteacher the school must receive the request in writing from parents. Where the school receives such a request in writing it will be acknowledged in writing within seven days and applied with immediate effect. Once a child has been withdrawn they cannot take part in the RSE programme until the request for withdrawal has been removed. The school always complies with the wishes of parents in this regard.

Parents/carers will be made aware that we, as a school, are legally required to provide a broad and balanced curriculum. Sex and relationships topics can arise incidentally in other subjects, such as Science, and it is not possible to withdraw pupils from these relatively limited and often unplanned discussions.

Monitoring and Review

The Governing Body monitors this policy on an annual basis and would discuss with the Headteacher and PSHE/RSE Subject Leader if the policy needs modification. The Headteacher and Governing Body take serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme, and makes a record of all such comments. Governors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

Equality

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual

orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

This can also have an impact on any anti-bullying policies in regard to these characteristics being the reason for the issue. The Church of England document "Valuing all God's Children", 2019, states:

"Schools should ensure that they have clear anti-bullying policies on preventing and tackling homophobic, biphobic and transphobic behaviour and language and that these policies are known and understood by all members of the school community. School leaders should present a clear message that HBT bullying will not be tolerated and that there can be no justification for this negative behaviour based on the Christian faith or the Bible. Schools should ensure that pupils understand how to report incidents. Pupils should be confident that if they report bullying it will be taken seriously."

It also asserts:

"Central to Christian theology is the truth that every single one of us is made in the image of God. Every one of us is loved unconditionally by God. We must avoid, at all costs, diminishing the dignity of any individual to a stereotype or a problem. Church of England schools offer a community where everyone is a person known and loved by God, supported to know their intrinsic value" (page 1)

"Opportunities to discuss issues to do with self-esteem, identity and bullying, including HBT (homophobic, biphobic and transphobic) bullying, should be included in physical, social, health and economic education or citizenship programmes. The curriculum should offer opportunities for pupils to learn to value themselves and their bodies. Relationships and sex education should take LGBT people into account." (Page 6)

At Leybourne Ss Peter and Paul CEP Academy, we promote respect for all and value every individual child. We also respect the right of our children, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of Relationships, Health and Sex Education.

For further explanation as to how we approach LGBT relationships in the PSHE (RSHE) Programme please see:

'Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?'

Policy Review

This policy is reviewed annually.

	<i>J</i>	
	Signed Headteacher	Signed Chair of Governors
Date of review:		
Date of next review:		

Jigsaw PSHE documents needed to explain this policy:

- Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education (mapping document) <u>jigsaw-3-11-and-rshe-overview-map.pdf</u> (windows.net)
- Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships? ? rshe-a-guide-for-parents-and-carers-leaflet-2020.pdf (windows.net)
- How does Jigsaw PSHE support the Church of England Principles and Charter in relation to RSHE? <u>Church of England publishes Charter for Relationships</u>, Sex and Health Education | The Church of England

Relationships Education in Primary schools - DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw 3-11 Programme.

The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Families and people who care for me	 R1 that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability. R2 the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. R3 that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. R4 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. R5 that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference • Being Me in My World

Nurturing the spark of God within "Those who trust in the Lord will find new strength. They will soar high on wings like eagles" Isaiah 40:31



to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious).

• R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed

Caring friendships

- R7 how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
- R8 the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharinginterests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
- R9 that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
- R10 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
- R11 how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help and advice from others, if needed

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Being Me in My World
- Celebrating Difference
- Relationships

Respectful relationships

- respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
- R13 practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
- R14 the conventions of coutesy and manners
- R15 the importance of selfrespect and how this links to their own happiness
- R16 that in school and in wider societythey can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
- R17 about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
- R18 what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
- R19 the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Being Me in My World
- Celebrating Difference
- Dreams and Goals
- Healthy Me
- Relationships
- Changing Me

Online relationships

- R20 that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.
- R21 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Relationships
- Changing Me
- Celebrating Difference

Poing sofo	 including when we are anonymous. R22 the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them. R23 how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. R24 how information and data is shared and used online.
Being safe	 R25what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact. R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know. R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard, R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.

• R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other	
sources.	

Physical health and mental well-being education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Mental wellbeing	 H1 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. H5 the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness. H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Healthy Me • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference

- feelings with an adult and seek support.
- H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being.
- H9 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).
- H10 it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.

Internet safety and harms

- H11 that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.
- H12 about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
- H13 how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and knowhow to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.
- H14 why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Relationships
- Healthy Me

	H15 that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health. H16 how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.	
	H17 where and how to	
	report concerns and get	
Physical	support with issues online. H18 the characteristics and All of these aspects are	2
health and	H18 the characteristics and mental and physical benefits covered in lessons with	
fitness	of an active lifestyle. the Puzzles	.1111
	H19 the importance of	
	building regular exercise • Healthy Me	
	into daily and weekly	
	routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily	
	active mile or other forms of	
	regular, vigorous exercise.	
	H20 the risks associated	
	with an inactive lifestyle	
	(including obesity). H21 how and when to seek	
	support including which	
	adults to speak to in school	
	if they are worried about	
	their health.	
Healthy	H22 what constitutes a All of these aspects are	
eating	healthy diet (including covered in lessons with	nın
	understanding calories and the Puzzles other nutritional content).	
	H23 the principles of • Healthy Me	
	planning and preparing a	
	range of healthy meals.	
	H24 the characteristics of a	
	poor diet and risks	
	associated with unhealthy	
	eating (including, for	

	example, obesity and tooth	
	= '	
	decay) and other behaviours	
	(e.g. the impact of alcohol on	
Denisa	diet or health).	All of these same to the
Drugs,	H25 the facts about legal	All of these aspects are
alcohol and	and illegal harmful	covered in lessons within
tobacco	substances and associated	the Puzzles
	risks, including smoking,	77 1.1 75
	alcohol use and drug-taking	Healthy Me
		411 0.1
Health and	• H26 how to recognise early	All of these aspects are
prevention	signs of physical illness,	covered in lessons within
	such as weight loss, or	the Puzzles
	unexplained changes to the	
	body.	Healthy Me
	• H27 about safe and unsafe	
	exposure to the sun, and	
	how to reduce the risk of	
	sun damage, including skin	
	cancer.	
	H28 the importance of	
	sufficient good quality sleep	
	for good health and that a	
	lack of sleep can affect	
	weight, mood and ability to	
	learn.	
	H29 about dental health and	
	the benefits of good oral	
	hygiene and dental flossing,	
	including regular check-ups	
	at the dentist.	
	 H30 about personal hygiene 	
	and germs including	
	bacteria, viruses, how they	
	are spread and treated, and	
	the importance of	
	handwashing.	
	H31 the facts and science relating to immunication	
	relating to immunisation	
Posis first	and vaccination	All of these same to an
Basic first	H32 how to make a clear H32 how to make a clear	All of these aspects are
aid	and efficient call to	covered in lessons within
	emergency services if	the Puzzles
	necessary.	TT 1/1 3 #
	• H33 concepts of basic first-	Healthy Me
	aid, for example dealing with	
	common injuries, including	
	head injuries.	

Changing
adolescent
body

- H34 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.
- H35 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Changing Me Healthy Me